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EXHIBIT 3

United States District Court Southern District of New York

	Virg	inia	L.	Giu	ıffre,
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Plaintiff, Case No.: 15-cv-07433-RWS

٧.

Ghislaine Maxwell,

Defendant.

NOTICE OF SERVICE OF RULE 45 SUBPOENA UPON JUAN ALESSI

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to Rule 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff, Virginia Giuffre, hereby provides Notice of Service of Subpoena upon Juan Alessi. A copy of the Subpoena is attached to this Notice.

Dated: May 4, 2016.

Respectfully Submitted,

BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

By: /s/ Sigrid McCawley
Sigrid McCawley (Pro Hac Vice)
Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP
401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301
(954) 356-0011

David Boies Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP 333 Main Street Armonk, NY 10504

Ellen Brockman Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP 575 Lexington Ave New York, New York 10022 (212) 446-2300 AO 88A (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Southern I	for the District of New York
Virginia L. Giuffre Plaintiff v. Ghislaine Maxwell Defendant)) Civil Action No. 15-cv-07433-RWS))
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT	T A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
	JUAN ALESSI es Drive, Boynton Beach, FL 33472 n to whom this subpoena is directed)
deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an	opear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a a organization, you must designate one or more officers, directors, nsent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or
Place: Boles, Schiller & Flexner LLP 401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301	Date and Time: 05/31/2016 9:00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this method	Stenographically and Videotaped
Production: You, or your representatives, must electronically stored information, or objects, ar material:	at also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, and must permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subjection to this subpoena and the potential consequence	are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; ect to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to es of not doing so.
Date:05/04/2016	OR And
Signature of Clerk or Deput	ty Clerk Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone numb	, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Sigrid S. McCawley, Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP, 401 [E. Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1200, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301; Tel:
Notice to the person who If this subpoena commands the production of document	o issues or requests this subpoena ts, electronically stored information, or tangible things before d on each party in this case before it is served on the person to

trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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Civil Action No. 15-cv-07433-RWS

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

on (date		bpoena for (name of individual	and title, if any)					
	☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named individual as follows:							
			on (date)	; or	(Space, co. excitately decreases experience existing the (a) of extreme			
	☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because:							
	Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of							
	\$	2:						
My fee:	s are \$	for travel and S	for services,	, for a total of \$	0.00			
	I declare under pe	enalty of perjury that this inf	formation is true.					
Date:			Server's sig	nature				
			Printed name and title					
			Server's aa	ldress				

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

AO 88A (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 3)

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpocna may command:
- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
- (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement,

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sunctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoend does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.